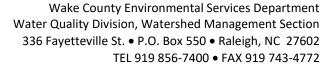
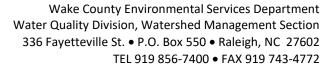


Droin	Project Name			at Wallbrook		Watershed		Lower Neuse	Jurisdiction Disturbed	Rolesville
Projec	L Ivaille	(10	Lot11)					ver neuse		Rolesville
Date R	eceived	03	/04/2	024	_	Date Processing Initiated		18/2024	Acreage	1.31
58.1	E Permit					S&E				
			C-1199	905-2024	Р	lan Review Fee	\$32	8.00 PAID	S&E Permit Fee	\$328.00 PENDING
SW	/ Permit					SW				
ı	Number	SW	/F-119	906-2024	_ P	lan Review Fee	\$32	7.50 PAID	SW Permit Fee	\$328.00 PAID
Financial R	Respons	ible P	arty (FRP):		Enginee	r:			
	=			o, LLC/Austin Will	liams			Ark Consulti	ng/Bryan Fagundu	S
				e 2, Wrightsville,						
Address:				, ,		Addı	ess:	2755-B Chai	les Blvd., Greenvill	e, NC 2758
Phone:	704-6	21-64	20			Dh	one:	252-5588-0	388	
Email:	awillia	awilliams@csere.com								
							_			
Plan Dat	e/Revis	on D	ate:	11/22/2024						
Review St	tatus:		Cons	truction Plan No	t App	proved and Inco	mple	<u>te</u> (Items 1-4	required to be a c	omplete submittal)
12/12/2	2/2024		Cons	truction Plan No	t App	proved and requ	uires a	ndditional inf	ormation_	
Constructi	ion Plan	Revi	ew Co	mments						
Items mar	ked with	n an "	X" we	re noted as eithe	r insi	ufficient or not	provid	led. Engineer	comments are in I	RED and provide the
				onstruction plan						
Reference	s for Ero	sion	and Se	ediment Control:	Wak	e County Unifie	d Dev	elopment Ord	linance (UDO) Artic	<u>:le 10</u>
References for Stormwater Management are as follows:										
ROLESVILLE: Town of Rolesville Land Development Ordinance <u>Appendix B: Flood Damage Prevention and Stormwater</u>										
Management, Section 1.2 Stormwater Management effective June 1, 2021.										
WENDELL : Town of Wendell Unified Development Ordinance (UDO) <u>Chapter 6: Environmental Protection, adopted 7/26/10</u> . ZEBULON : Town of Zebulon, NC Code of Ordinances: <u>Chapter 151</u>										
		-		-		<u> </u>				
<u> </u>	1. <u>Erosion Control and Stormwater Joint Application</u> (Required to initiate processing)									
				uired to initiate p						
□ 2.							•		ter resubmissions r	equire a \$150
				e and Erosion Cor			-			
☐ 3.	Notarized Wake County Financial Responsibility/Ownership Form (Required to initiate processing)									





		a.	The application must include the owner's notarized written consent for the applicant to submit an erosion and sedimentation control plan and to conduct the anticipated land-disturbing activity if the applicant is not the owner of the land to be disturbed [10-30-2-(B)-(2)-(c)]			
	4.	Other documents:				
		a.	a. Engineering Approval: Copy of approval notification for projects in a municipality's zoning jurisdiction			
		b.	b. 401/404 Documentation (Buffer determination letters, PCN application, comments, and approval) Documentation of wetland delineations.			
		c.	. NCDOT Approval (Temporary Construction Entrances, Encroachment Agreements)			
		d.	Encroachment agreement(s) completed, signed and notarized for all off-site construction			
\boxtimes	5.	Cover letter stating the purpose of the submission, describing site drainage, stormwater management objectives, and how the proposed stormwater management plan will meet the objectives and be implemented RESUBMITTALS: A letter detailing any changes, comments, proposed solutions to review comments, etc.				
	6.	Сору	of the USGS Quad Map with delineated project limits			
	7.	Copy of the Wake County Soil Survey map with delineated project limits from 1970 manuscript				
	8.	One (1) electronic copy of a complete set of construction drawings for 1st resubmission, number (#) copies for final approval.				
	9.	One (1) electronic copy of the Municipal Stormwater Design Tool (click here); submit Excel workbook (Site Data Sheet, Drainage Area Sheets, Site Summary Sheet, BMP Sheets, and BMP Summary sheet)				
	10.	Drainage Area Maps with stormwater discharge points and Tc flow paths (existing/post construction/post BMP) Completed SCM and conveyance must be in place for approval.				
	11.	Drainage Area Map showing drainage areas to erosion control devices (can delineate on plan sheets)				
	12.	Stormwater and Erosion Control Calculations:				
		a. Sediment basin design (See website for Wake County Design Criteria)				
		b. Ditches, swales, and channels: Q10/V10. Tractive force (shear stress), capacity and geometry				
		c. Dissipaters: Q10 velocities, stone size and dimensions				
		d. Velocity calculations for stormwater runoff at points of discharge resulting from a 10-year storm afte development were not provided or do not comply				
		e. Support data for all stormwater practice designs, such as inflow/outflow rates, stage/storage data, hydrographs, outlet designs, infiltration rates, water elevations, design output, summary, etc.				
		f. Other hydraulic and hydrologic computations critical to the plan/designs				
		g. Signature, Date and Professional Seal: for all Stormwater design management proposals, i.e., calculation BMP designs, operations/maintenance/budget/as built/inspections/manuals				
	13.	Draft Stormwater Agreement and draft Maintenance Agreement				
\boxtimes	14.	Proposed Site Plan:				





	a.	Combined Erosion Control, Stormwater and Floodplain Approval Block (Cover Sheet)
	b.	Location/Vicinity Map
	c.	North arrow, graphic scale, drafting version date, legend and professional seal
	d.	Existing and proposed contours: plan and profiles for roadways
	e.	Boundaries of tract: including project limits
	f.	Table with impervious calculations - existing and proposed impervious surfaces: roads, well lots, recreation sites, single family residences, etc. (consistent with the Municipal Stormwater Design Tool inputs)
	g.	Proposed improvements: roads, buildings, parking areas, grassed, landscaped and natural areas
	h.	Lot lines, lot numbers, road names, and impervious limit on each lot rounded to nearest sq ft.
	i.	Utilities: community water and sewer, plan/profiles, easements and sediment controls
\boxtimes	j.	Stormwater Network: inlets, culverts, swales, ditches, channels and drainage easements -Stormwater network to SCM must be installed prior to approval.
	k.	TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROLS: locations and dimensions of gravel entrances, diversion ditches, silt fence, sediment basins, inlet protection, etcAll erosion control measures must be withing LOD. For example, curb inlet protection is shown outside LODWhy are pipes greyed out in C1.1? Please revise and include pipe installation in construction sequence.
	I.	Sediment Basin Dewatering Bags: Provide a dewatering bag and location pad adjacent to all sediment basins for maintenance and closeout. Label the bag and pad with dimensions.
	m.	Stream Culvert Construction Phasing: Provide a detailed construction sequence for installation of culverts at streams and show the stream crossing(s) on the erosion control plan sheets. Include all applicable details related to managing the stream flow during the culvert installation (silt bags, pump around, impervious dikes, etc.).
	n.	Stream Protection: Design temporary sediment storage during the construction phase of stream culvert installation on all four-corners of the stream crossing (where applicable) and show on the erosion control plan sheets. Provide erosion control blankets on all permanent slopes of culvert at stream crossing.
	о.	PERMANENT EROSION CONTROLS: locations and dimensions of dissipaters, ditch linings, armoring, level spreaders, retaining walls, etc.
	p.	DETAILED COMMENTS REGARDING PERMANENT SEDIMENT CONTROLS:
	q.	Location and requirements for stockpiles (see website for <u>Stockpile Requirements</u>)
\boxtimes	r.	Wake County Construction Sequence (Provide project specific details as needed) -Provide specific sequence to this site by phases. If grayed pipe is not installed as part of this permit, then do not show it at all. If it is installed with this permit, then do not gray it. Gray indicated that the pipe is existing.
	s.	Wake County Construction Details



		t.	Wake County Stabilization Guidelines					
		u.	Wake County Basin Removal Sequence Wake County must grant permission to convert the sediment basin over to stormwater use prior to completing any related work (construction sequence or note elsewhere on the plan should indicate this).					
		v.	Show all Riparian Buffers (Neuse: [15A NCAC 2B .0714])					
		w.	Delineation of current FEMA boundaries (floodway, non-encroachment areas, flood fringe and future/0.2%)					
	\boxtimes	x.	PERMANENT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES: locations and types of all proposed stormwater management structures (grass swale, wet/dry detention basin, filtering/infiltration basin, bioretention, etc.) -Stormwater network to completed SCM must be installed.					
	\boxtimes	DETAILED COMMENTS REGARDING PERMANENT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT: -SCM must be in place prior to approval of stormwater discharge if the SCM is used to show comp with stormwater requirements. Performance Guarantee allows for final plat to be recorded. As previously discussed, this is usually used by residential subdivisions in order to record lots. Comm property usually holds CO for compliance. However, it does not apply to this lot as this is a different parcel. The stormwater permit cannot be approved until the SCM is in place or stormwater treatment provided on site.						
		z.	Proposed stormwater easements, access lanes and backwater easements. Provide and label minimum 20					
Stan	dards	and Re	equirements					
<mark>com</mark>	Items marked with an "X" note relevant standards to be applied to the proposed development. Notes in RED provide review comments and/or any required elements to comply with standard. Ordinance references are shown in brackets.							
Orai	nance							
\boxtimes	15.	Stormwater Review Required – All residential subdivision development must submit a plan to comply with the applicable municipalities' stormwater ordinance. Office, institutional, commercial or industrial development that disturbs greater than 20,000 square feet is required to comply with the stormwater management regulations. Development and redevelopment that disturb less than 20,000 square feet are not exempt if such activities are part of a larger common plan of development or sale, even though multiple, separate or distinct activities take place at different times on different schedules. Rolesville [1.2.1.(E)], Wendell [6.5(F)], Zebulon [151.05]						
\boxtimes	16.	Stormwater Permit – is required for all development and redevelopment unless exempt pursuant to the Code of Ordinances. A permit may only be issued subsequent to a properly submitted, reviewed and approved stormwater management plan and permit application. Rolesville [1.2.3.(B)(2)], Wendell [6.5(F)(3)], Zebulon [151.21(A)] Note: A permit may not be required if there are no post-construction requirements (i.e. SCMs).						
\boxtimes	17.	SCMs – For projects requiring stormwater treatment for quality and/or quantity control, the applicant must 1) comply with the NC Stormwater Design Manual Rolesville [1.2.4.(B)(2)], Wendell [6.5(N)(2)], Zebulon [151.07] 2) as well as Completion of Improvements and Maintenance, prior to issuance of a certificate of compliance or occupancy. Rolesville [1.2.5], Wendell [6.5(O)], Zebulon [151.50 – 151.56]						

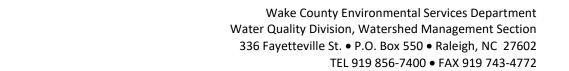


		Standards Based on Project Density – In accordance with the definitions, projects are identified as Ultra Low-						
	40	Density (15% or less Built-Upon Area, referred to as BUA, and less than one dwelling unit per acre), Low-Density						
	18.	(more than 15% BUA and no more than 24% BUA), and High-Density (24% or more BUA).						
		Rolesville [7.5.4], Wendell [6.5(E)], Zebulon [151.10]						
		Standards for Ultra-Low and Low-Density Projects:						
		Use of vegetated conveyances to maximum extent practicable						
		Location of development and redevelopment outside Riparian Buffer and Flood Protection Zones						
		 Recorded deed restrictions or protective covenants to ensure future development maintains 						
		consistency with approved project plans						
		 Permanent SCMs (Stormwater Control Measures) are to be designed in accordance with and as 						
		specified in the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality's Design Manual.						
	П	 For Low-Density only, no net increase in peak flow leaving the site from the pre- development 						
		conditions for the 1 yr-24hr storm. Runoff volume drawdown time shall be a minimum of 48 hours, but						
		not more than 120 hours.						
		Residential runoff after development must not exceed the Target Curve Numbers listed in the chart						
		"Maximum Composite Curve Number, by Soil Group".						
		Ultra-Low and Low-Density projects may be eligible for target curve number credits.						
		Wendell Only: Nitrogen export limited to 3.6 pounds per acre per year unless project achieves classification as						
		an LID Project.						
		Rolesville [1.2.4(A)(1-3)], Wendell [6.5(M)(1)], Zebulon [151.35(A-C)]						
		Standards for High-Density Projects: A Measures shall control and treat runoff from the first inch of rain. Bunoff values drawdown time shall						
		 Measures shall control and treat runoff from the first inch of rain. Runoff volume drawdown time shall be a minimum of 48 hours, but not more than 120 hours. 						
		Structural measures shall be designed to have a minimum of 85 % average annual removal for Total						
		Suspended Solids (TSS)						
	\boxtimes	Permanent SCMs (Stormwater Control Measures) are to be designed in accordance with and as						
		specified in the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality's Design Manual.						
		No net increase in peak flow leaving the site from the pre -development conditions for the 1 yr-24hr						
		storm. Runoff volume drawdown time shall be a minimum of 48 hours, but not more than 120 hours.						
		Location of development and redevelopment outside Riparian Buffer and Flood Protection Zones						
		Rolesville [1.2.4(A)(4)], Wendell [6.5(M)(4)], Zebulon [151.35(D)]						
	Low Impact Development (LID) Classification:							
		All development or redevelopment may be submitted for LID classification						
		Development must mimic the pre-developed hydrologic conditions of the site, as defined as "woods in						
		good condition" for the 2-yr, 24 hr storm, within 10%.						
		Techniques required to achieve LID classification						
		Natural site design						
		Bio-retention systems or on-site infiltration (at least one must be used)						
		At least two other techniques from the list provided in Rolesville [1.2.4.(B)(5)(e)], and Zebulon						
		[151.36(E)(5)]						
		At least one other technique from the list provided in Wendell [6.5(N)(5)(e)]						





\boxtimes	19.	Downstream Impact Analysis – Required analysis using the "10% rule" drainage area evaluation of the 10-year, 24-hour peak flow of the pre/post development to determine if the project will have any impacts on flooding or channel degradation downstream of the project site in accordance with Rolesville [1.2.4.(B)(1)] Wendell [6.5(N)(1)], Zebulon [151.36(A)].						
	Wake County UDO Article 10 - Erosion and Sedimentation Control Requirements							
(App	olies to	Roles	ville, Wendell and Zebulon)					
\boxtimes	20.	Erosion Control: This project will require a Land Disturbance Permit if it involves greater than one acre of disturbance. Note: If the land disturbance is part of a common plan of development that is greater than one acre of disturbance, an Approved Erosion and Sediment Control Plan and Land Disturbance Permit are required for each individual tract or parcel disturbance within the common plan of development, regardless of land disturbance acreage in each tract/parcel.						
\boxtimes	21.	Minimum Standards [Article 10-20-1] — All soil erosion and sedimentation control plans and measures must conform to the minimum applicable standards specified in North Carolina's Erosion and Sediment Control Planning and Design Manual. Erosion control devices must be installed to prevent any offsite sedimentation for any construction site regardless of the size of the land disturbance.						
	22.	Operation in Lakes or Natural Watercourses [Article 10-20-3] — Land disturbing activity in connection with construction in, on, over, or under a lake of natural watercourse must minimize the extent and duration of disruption of the stream channel. Where relocation of a stream forms an essential part of the proposed activity,						
		the relocation must minimize unnecessary changes in the stream flow characteristics. Standards for High Quality Water (HQW) Zones [Article 10-20-11]						
Ш	23.		disturbing activities to be conducted in High Quality Water Zones must be designed as follows:					
		a.	Uncovered areas in High Quality Water (HQW) zones must be limited at any time to a maximum total area of 20 acres within the boundaries of the tract.					
		 Maximum Peak Rate of Runoff – Erosion and sedimentation control measures, structures, and devices within HQW zones must be planned, designed and constructed to provide protection from the runoff of the 25-year storm. 						
		c. Settling Efficiency – Sediment basins within HQW zones must be designed and constructed so that the basin will have a settling efficiency of at least 70% for the 40 micron (0.04mm) size soil particle transported into the basin by the runoff of that 2-year storm which produces the maximum peak rate of runoff.						
		d. Grade – The angle for side slopes must be sufficient to restrain accelerated erosion (side slopes no steeper than two (2) horizontal to one (1) vertical if a vegetative cover is used for stabilization unless so conditions permit a steeper slope or where the slopes are stabilized by using mechanical devices, structural devices or other acceptable ditch liners)						
Neuse Riparian Buffer Rules								
North	25.	lakes, ponds and estuaries in the Neuse River Basin with forest vegetation on the adjacent land or "riparian area".						
1401	North Carolina General Statute § 113A-61 (c) - Right to Appeal the Decision							





\boxtimes	26.	The applicant has the right to appeal this decision per North Carolina General Statute § 113A-61 (c).						
Add	Additional Suggested Changes/Comments							
	27.							
Environmental Consultant:		Jeevan Neupane, PE	Contact Info:	jeevan.neupane@wake.gov 919-819-8907				
Environmental Engineer:		Janet S. Boyer, PE, CFM	Contact Info:	janet.boyer@wake.gov 919-856-7422				