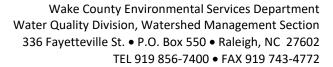




Wallbrook Roadway Improvements -Virginia Water Drive **Extension (Serving Project Name** Lots 9-11) Watershed Lower Neuse Jurisdiction Rolesville **Date Processing** Disturbed **Date Received** 03/07/2024 **Initiated** 03/14/2024 Acreage 5.05 **S&E Permit** S&E \$1,262.00 \$1,262.00 **Number** SEC-119903-2024 **S&E Permit Fee PENDING** Plan Review Fee PAID **SW Permit** \$1.262.50 \$1,262.00 **Number** SWF-119904-2024 **SW Permit Fee PENDING** Plan Review Fee PAID Financial Responsible Party (FRP): **Engineer:** Name Wallbrook Landco, LLC/Austin Williams Name: Ark Consulting/Bryan Fagundus 3 Keel Street Suite 2, Wrightsville, NC Address: 28480 Address: 2755-B Charles Blvd., Greenville, NC 2758 Phone: 704-621-6430 Phone: 252-5588-0888 Email: awilliams@csere.com Email: N/A Plan Date/Revision Date: 11/22/2024 Construction Plan Not Approved and Incomplete (Items 1-4 required to be a complete submittal) **Review Status:** 12/12/2024 M Construction Plan Not Approved and requires additional information **Construction Plan Review Comments** Items marked with an "X" were noted as either insufficient or not provided. Engineer comments are in RED and provide the necessary requirements for construction plan approval. References for Erosion and Sediment Control: Wake County Unified Development Ordinance (UDO) Article 10 References for Stormwater Management are as follows: **ROLESVILLE**: Town of Rolesville Land Development Ordinance Appendix B: Flood Damage Prevention and Stormwater Management, Section 1.2 Stormwater Management effective June 1, 2021. WENDELL: Town of Wendell Unified Development Ordinance (UDO) Chapter 6: Environmental Protection, adopted 7/26/10. **ZEBULON**: Town of Zebulon, NC Code of Ordinances: Chapter 151 Erosion Control and Stormwater Joint Application (Required to initiate processing) Review Fees (Required to initiate processing) \boxtimes RESUBMITTALS: The first resubmittal is free, but all subsequent Stormwater resubmissions require a \$150 2. Resubmission Fee and Erosion Control resubmissions require a \$75 Resubmission Fee.

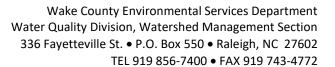




	3.	Notarized Wake County Financial Responsibility/Ownership Form (Required to initiate processing)					
		The application must include the owner's notarized written consent for the applicant to submit an erosion and sedimentation control plan and to conduct the anticipated land-disturbing activity if the applicant is not the owner of the land to be disturbed [10-30-2-(B)-(2)-(c)]					
	4.	Other documents:					
		a.	a. Engineering Approval: Copy of approval notification for projects in a municipality's zoning jurisdiction				
		b.	b. 401/404 Documentation (Buffer determination letters, PCN application, comments, and approval) Documentation of wetland delineations.				
		c.	c. NCDOT Approval (Temporary Construction Entrances, Encroachment Agreements)				
		d.	d. Encroachment agreement(s) completed, signed and notarized for all off-site construction				
\boxtimes	5.	Cover letter stating the purpose of the submission, describing site drainage, stormwater management objectives, and how the proposed stormwater management plan will meet the objectives and be implemented RESUBMITTALS: A letter detailing any changes, comments, proposed solutions to review comments, etc.					
	6.	Copy of the USGS Quad Map with delineated project limits					
	7.	Copy of the Wake County Soil Survey map with delineated project limits from 1970 manuscript					
	8.	One (1) electronic copy of a complete set of construction drawings for 1st resubmission, number (#) copies for final approval.					
	9.	One (1) electronic copy of the Municipal Stormwater Design Tool (click here); submit Excel workbook (Site Data Sheet, Drainage Area Sheets, Site Summary Sheet, BMP Sheets, and BMP Summary sheet)					
	10.	Drainage Area Maps with stormwater discharge points and Tc flow paths (existing/post construction/post BMP)					
	11.	Drainage Area Map showing drainage areas to erosion control devices (can delineate on plan sheets)					
	12.	Stormwater and Erosion Control Calculations:					
		a.	Sediment basin design (See website for Wake County Design Criteria)				
		b.	Ditches, swales, and channels: Q10/V10. Tractive force (shear stress), capacity and geometry				
		c. Dissipaters: Q10 velocities, stone size and dimensions					
		d. Velocity calculations for stormwater runoff at points of discharge resulting from a 10-year storm after development were not provided or do not comply					
		e. Support data for all stormwater practice designs, such as inflow/outflow rates, stage/storage data, hydrographs, outlet designs, infiltration rates, water elevations, design output, summary, etc.					
		f.	Other hydraulic and hydrologic computations critical to the plan/designs				
		g. Signature, Date and Professional Seal: for all Stormwater design management proposals, i.e., calculations, BMP designs, operations/maintenance/budget/as built/inspections/manuals					
\boxtimes	13.	Draft Stormwater Agreement and draft Maintenance Agreement -Provide for Dry Detention and Vegetative Swale					



\boxtimes	14.	Proposed Site Plan:				
		a.	a. <u>Combined Erosion Control, Stormwater and Floodplain Approval Block</u> (Cover Sheet)			
		b.	Location/Vicinity Map			
		c.	North arrow, graphic scale, drafting version date, legend and professional seal			
		d.	Existing and proposed contours: plan and profiles for roadways			
		e.	Boundaries of tract: including project limits			
		f.	Table with impervious calculations - existing and proposed impervious surfaces: roads, well lots, recreation sites, single family residences, etc. (consistent with the Municipal Stormwater Design Tool inputs)			
		g.	Proposed improvements: roads, buildings, parking areas, grassed, landscaped and natural areas. -Why is pipe on 7-Eleven lot labeled as "existing storm network" when it hasn't been permitted yet? -Pipes for this permit should be shown black on C1.2 (indicating the pipe is being installed on this phase), and gray on C1.3 (indicating that it is installed.)			
		h.	Lot lines, lot numbers, road names, and impervious limit on each lot rounded to nearest sq ftThis goes on Site Plan, not Erosion Control Plan. Where is the Site Plan?			
		i.	Utilities: community water and sewer, plan/profiles, easements and sediment controls			
	\boxtimes	j.	Stormwater Network: inlets, culverts, swales, ditches, channels and drainage easements -Stormwater network to SCM must be installed prior to approval. SCM needs to be converted and asbuilted.			
		k.	TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROLS: locations and dimensions of gravel entrances, diversion ditches			
		l.	Sediment Basin Dewatering Bags: Provide a dewatering bag and location pad adjacent to all sediment basins for maintenance and closeout. Label the bag and pad with dimensions.			
		m.	Stream Culvert Construction Phasing: Provide a detailed construction sequence for installation of culve at streams and show the stream crossing(s) on the erosion control plan sheets. Include all applicable			
		n. Stream Protection: Design temporary sediment storage during the construction phase of stream culv installation on all four-corners of the stream crossing (where applicable) and show on the erosion coplan sheets. Provide erosion control blankets on all permanent slopes of culvert at stream crossing.				
		o. PERMANENT EROSION CONTROLS: locations and dimensions of dissipaters, ditch linings, armoring, level spreaders, retaining walls, etc.				
		p. DETAILED COMMENTS REGARDING PERMANENT SEDIMENT CONTROLS: -Sediment Basin and swale must either be converted to an SCM that meets the requirements of the Stormwater Manual or removed per the Wake County Basin Removal Sequence. Temporary diversions must be removed at stabilization.				
		q.	q. Location and requirements for stockpiles (see website for Stockpile Requirements)			





	\boxtimes	r.	Wake County Construction Sequence (Provide project specific details as needed) -Provide site specific sequence detailing each phase of construction. Specifically add when pipe installation and sediment basin removal occur.					
		s.	Wake County Construction Details					
		t.	Wake County Stabilization Guidelines					
		u.	Wake County Basin Removal Sequence Wake County must grant permission to convert the sediment basin over to stormwater use prior to completing any related work (construction sequence or note elsewhere on the plan should indicate this).					
		v.	Show all Riparian Buffers (Neuse: [15A NCAC 2B .0714])					
		w.	Delineation of current FEMA boundaries (floodway, non-encroachment areas, flood fringe and future/0.2%)					
	\boxtimes	PERMANENT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES: locations and types of all proposed stormwater management structures (grass swale, wet/dry detention basin, filtering/infiltration basin, bioretention, etc.) -SCM and stormwater pipe conveyance network must be installed prior to approval of the permits. - Please refer to Stormwater Design Manual and provide designs for Treatment Swale and Dry Basin. They must be designed and completed or removed from plans.						
	\boxtimes	plat for the Publix site to be recorded prior to SCM conversion. As previously discussed, this is normally used on residential subdivisions to allow for lots to be recorded. -Please refer to Stormwater Design Manual and provide designs for Treatment Swale and Dry Basin. The must be designed and completed or removed from plans.						
		z.	Proposed stormwater easements, access lanes and backwater easements. Provide and label minimum 20 ft. Access easement and 10 ft. Maintenance easement from toe of stormwater pond embankment.					
Stan	dards	and R	equirements					
Item	<mark>ıs marl</mark>	ked wit	th an "X" note relevant standards to be applied to the proposed development. Notes in RED provide review					
			r any required elements to comply with standard.					
Ordinance references are shown in brackets.								
\boxtimes	15.	appli that or regul	cormwater Review Required – All residential subdivision development must submit a plan to comply with the oplicable municipalities' stormwater ordinance. Office, institutional, commercial or industrial development at disturbs greater than 20,000 square feet is required to comply with the stormwater management gulations. Development and redevelopment that disturb less than 20,000 square feet are not exempt if such					
		activi Role s	ties are part of a larger common plan of development or sale, even though multiple, separate or distinct ties take place at different times on different schedules. sville [1.2.1.(E)], Wendell [6.5(F)], Zebulon [151.05]					
\boxtimes	16.	Stormwater Permit — is required for all development and redevelopment unless exempt pursuant to the Code of Ordinances. A permit may only be issued subsequent to a properly submitted, reviewed and approved stormwater management plan and permit application. Rolesville [1.2.3.(B)(2)], Wendell [6.5(F)(3)], Zebulon [151.21(A)] Note: A permit may not be required if there are no post-construction requirements (i.e. SCMs).						



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\boxtimes	17.	SCMs – For projects requiring stormwater treatment for quality and/or quantity control, the applicant must 1) comply with the NC Stormwater Design Manual Rolesville [1.2.4.(B)(2)], Wendell [6.5(N)(2)], Zebulon [151.07] 2) as well as Completion of Improvements and Maintenance, prior to issuance of a certificate of compliance or occupancy. Rolesville [1.2.5], Wendell [6.5(O)], Zebulon [151.50 – 151.56]			
\boxtimes	18.	Standards Based on Project Density – In accordance with the definitions, projects are identified as Ultra Low-Density (15% or less Built-Upon Area, referred to as BUA, and less than one dwelling unit per acre), Low-Density (more than 15% BUA and no more than 24% BUA), and High-Density (24% or more BUA). Rolesville [7.5.4], Wendell [6.5(E)], Zebulon [151.10]			
		 Use of vegetated conveyances to maximum extent practicable Location of development and redevelopment outside Riparian Buffer and Flood Protection Zones Recorded deed restrictions or protective covenants to ensure future development maintains consistency with approved project plans Permanent SCMs (Stormwater Control Measures) are to be designed in accordance with and as specified in the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality's Design Manual. For Low-Density only, no net increase in peak flow leaving the site from the pre- development conditions for the 1 yr-24hr storm. Runoff volume drawdown time shall be a minimum of 48 hours, but not more than 120 hours. Residential runoff after development must not exceed the Target Curve Numbers listed in the chart "Maximum Composite Curve Number, by Soil Group". Ultra-Low and Low-Density projects may be eligible for target curve number credits. Wendell Only: Nitrogen export limited to 3.6 pounds per acre per year unless project achieves classification as an LID Project. Rolesville [1.2.4(A)(1-3)], Wendell [6.5(M)(1)], Zebulon [151.35(A-C)] 			
	\boxtimes	 Standards for High-Density Projects: Measures shall control and treat runoff from the first inch of rain. Runoff volume drawdown time shall be a minimum of 48 hours, but not more than 120 hours. Structural measures shall be designed to have a minimum of 85 % average annual removal for Total Suspended Solids (TSS) Permanent SCMs (Stormwater Control Measures) are to be designed in accordance with and as specified in the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality's Design Manual. No net increase in peak flow leaving the site from the pre -development conditions for the 1 yr-24hr storm. Runoff volume drawdown time shall be a minimum of 48 hours, but not more than 120 hours. Location of development and redevelopment outside Riparian Buffer and Flood Protection Zones Rolesville [1.2.4(A)(4)], Wendell [6.5(M)(4)], Zebulon [151.35(D)] 			





		Low Impact Development (LID) Classification:					
		•	All development or redevelopment may be submitted for LID classification				
		•	• Development must mimic the pre-developed hydrologic conditions of the site, as defined as "woods in				
			good condition" for the 2-yr, 24 hr storm, within 10%.				
		•	Techniques required to achieve LID classification				
			Natural site design				
			Bio-retention systems or on-site infiltration (at least one must be used)				
			At least two other techniques from the list provided in Rolesville [1.2.4.(B)(5)(e)], and Zebulon				
			[151.36(E)(5)]				
			At least one other technique from the list provided in Wendell [6.5(N)(5)(e)]				
		Dow	nstream Impact Analysis – Required analysis using the "10% rule" drainage area evaluation of the 10-year,				
\boxtimes	19.	24-hc	our peak flow of the pre/post development to determine if the project will have any impacts on flooding or				
	19.	chani	nel degradation downstream of the project site in accordance with Rolesville [1.2.4.(B)(1)] Wendell				
		[6.5(1	N)(1)], Zebulon [151.36(A)].				
Wal	ke Cou	nty UD	O Article 10 - Erosion and Sedimentation Control Requirements				
(App	olies to	Roles	ville, Wendell and Zebulon)				
		Erosion Control: This project will require a Land Disturbance Permit if it involves greater than one acre of					
		distu	disturbance. Note : If the land disturbance is part of a common plan of development that is greater than one				
\boxtimes	20.	acre o	of disturbance, an Approved Erosion and Sediment Control Plan and Land Disturbance Permit are required				
		for ea	or each individual tract or parcel disturbance within the common plan of development, regardless of land				
			disturbance acreage in each tract/parcel.				
		Mini	Minimum Standards [Article 10-20-1] — All soil erosion and sedimentation control plans and measures must				
\boxtimes	21	confo	conform to the minimum applicable standards specified in North Carolina's Erosion and Sediment Control				
	21.	Plann	Planning and Design Manual. Erosion control devices must be installed to prevent any offsite sedimentation for				
		any construction site regardless of the size of the land disturbance.					
		Oper	ation in Lakes or Natural Watercourses [Article 10-20-3] – Land disturbing activity in connection with				
	22.	construction in, on, over, or under a lake of natural watercourse must minimize the extent and duration of					
ш	22.	disruption of the stream channel. Where relocation of a stream forms an essential part of the proposed activity,					
		the relocation must minimize unnecessary changes in the stream flow characteristics.					
П	23.	Standards for High Quality Water (HQW) Zones [Article 10-20-11]					
		Land-disturbing activities to be conducted in High Quality Water Zones must be designed as follows:					
	П	a.	Uncovered areas in High Quality Water (HQW) zones must be limited at any time to a maximum total				
			area of 20 acres within the boundaries of the tract.				
			Maximum Peak Rate of Runoff – Erosion and sedimentation control measures, structures, and devices				
		b.	within HQW zones must be planned, designed and constructed to provide protection from the runoff of				
			the 25-year storm.				
			Settling Efficiency – Sediment basins within HQW zones must be designed and constructed so that the				
		c.	basin will have a settling efficiency of at least 70% for the 40 micron (0.04mm) size soil particle				
	_	transported into the basin by the runoff of that 2-year storm which produces the maximum peak rate of					
			runoff.				



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		d.	d. Grade – The angle for side slopes must be sufficient to restrain accelerated erosion (side slopes no steeper than two (2) horizontal to one (1) vertical if a vegetative cover is used for stabilization unless soil conditions permit a steeper slope or where the slopes are stabilized by using mechanical devices, structural devices or other acceptable ditch liners)				
Net	Neuse Riparian Buffer Rules						
	25.	Due to the location of this project, it should be noted that a rule to protect and maintain existing buffers along watercourses in the Neuse River Basin became effective on July 22, 1997. The Neuse River Riparian Area Protection and Maintenance Rule (15A NCAC 2B .0714) applies to all perennial and intermittent streams, lakes, ponds and estuaries in the Neuse River Basin with forest vegetation on the adjacent land or "riparian area".					
Nor	North Carolina General Statute § 113A-61 (c) - Right to Appeal the Decision						
\boxtimes	26.	The applicant has the right to appeal this decision per North Carolina General Statute § 113A-61 (c).					
Add	Additional Suggested Changes/Comments						
	27.						
	ironme sultan		Jeevan Neupane, PE	Contact Info:	jeevan.neupane@wake.gov 919-819-8907		
	ironme ineer:	ental	Janet S. Boyer, PE, CFM	Contact Info:	janet.boyer@wake.gov 919-856-7422		